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APPLICATION NO.	1	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/665,100		09/18/2003	Takahiro Matsumoto	1232-5157	6139
27123	7590	07/12/2004		EXAMINER	
		EGAN, L.L.P.	EVERHART, CARIDAD		
345 PARK AVENUE NEW YORK, NY 10154				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				2825	
			DATE MAILED: 07/12/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/665,100	MATSUMOTO ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examin r	Art Unit					
	Caridad M. Everhart	2825					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Peri d for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA: - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) da - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, in the province of the pro	TION. CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a repation. ys, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty y period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT by statute, cause the application to become ABA	oly be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed o	n						
2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)[☐ This action is non-final.						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disp sition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-9 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-9 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Ex	kaminer.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for the a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document of the priority document of the certified copies of the priority document of the certified copies of the application from the International * See the attached detailed Office action for the certified copies of the application from the International * See the attached detailed Office action for the certified copies of the attached detailed Office action for the certified copies of the attached detailed Office action for the certified copies of the priority document of the certified copies of the ce	cuments have been received. cuments have been received in Ap ne priority documents have been r Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	plication No eceived in this National Stage					
Attachment(s)							
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9) 	4) 🔲 Interview Su Paper No(s).	mmary (PTO-413) /Mail Date					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO Paper No(s)/Mail Date		ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)					

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Claim Rej ctions - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

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A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1, 3-9 are is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Kikuchi (US 2002/0042664A1).

Kikuchi discloses a step of obtaining image information of every alignment mark or position detection mark(paragraph 0007 and paragraph 0136) by using a light-receiving surface.

The position information is calculated (paragraph 0021).

There is an error calculation step(paragraph 0115) in which error of the position of the alignment or position marks with respect to the reference values is calculated.

There is a residual error calculation step(paragraph 0230).

There is an information storage step(paragraph 0282).

There is a position detection step(paragraph (paragraph 0307) in which it is disclosed that position information of each area is calculated, which corresponds to a position detecting step.

The means for carrying out the steps are also implied in the cited paragraphs from Kikuchi. Kikuchi further discloses the wafer stage which can be positioned (paragraphs 0122 and 0125).

The mean sum of the squares of the residual errors is minimized (paragraphs 0019, 00230 and 0232). The method matches image information wit a template that exhibits

maximum correlation (paragraphs 0275 and 0289 and 0290). In these paragraphs it is implied that the data is compared to stored data, and the information is matched with the best stored data.

The center coordinates of the areas of the wafer are used, which is interpreted to correspond to a centroid-position information image(paragraph 0285).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kikuchi as applied to claim 1 above.

Kikuchi is silent with respect to the recited matrix.

Although Kikuchi is silent with respect to the recited matrix, it is believed that it is within the ordinary skill in the art to calculate the error according to such a matrix in view of a similar matrix set up by Kikuchi(paragraph 0009, equation (1)). The direction or angle can be one of the parameters(paragraph 0193). In addition, magnification error can also be one of the parameters(paragraph 0224 and 0226).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Caridad M. Everhart whose telephone number is 571-272-1892. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Fridays 7:30-4:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew S. Smith can be reached on 571-272-1907. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

C. Everhart 7-2-2004